

# Value Add and 8 Wastes

You would use this approach to enable your employees to talk about and identify opportunities to reduce wasteful activities in your business, by having a common language to describe waste.

# **Projected performance gains**





## **Improved**

- Flow
- Team work

#### Reduced

Lead times

# What investment is needed to understand the concept?

#### **DIFFICULTY**



#### **ACTIVITY**



### **EQUIPMENT**



## **Simple**

Practise is the key!

## Team

This process can be conducted by an individual but best results will come from working in a team.

#### None

No equipment is needed.

# **Explanation of the concept**

Value Add and the 8 Wastes are a central concept in what is known as Lean Manufacturing. Value adding activities are any activities which are directly transforming incoming materials into the product or service which the customer requires.

Lean Manufacturing seeks to identify all activities in a business as either Value Adding or one of the 8 wastes. By reducing any of the 8 wastes, businesses will see improvements in performance.

The 8 Wastes may be remembered using the initials "TIM WOODS". By engaging team members in identifying and eliminating waste, companies can make great progress in avoiding the 8th waste.

### THE 8 WASTES ARE:

1.



**Transport** 

Inventory

Any transportation is essentially waste, and should be minimised.

2.



Any inventory above the minimum required to get the job done.

3.



**Motion** 

Movement and Motion of people.

4.



Waiting

People or parts waiting due to any unsynchronised processes or activities.

5.



**Over-Production** 

Making products which are not yet required, too much or too early.

6.



**Over-Processing** 

Additional processing steps beyond what is actually required.

7.



**Defects** 

Defective, Scrap or Rework.

8.



**Skills** 

The 8th waste, refers more generally to the untapped potential of people, where ideas and creativity remain undeveloped or ignored.

## What action should I take?

1.



Gather together a group of employees.

2.



Talk them through 8 Wastes, using the Identification of Waste checklist included at the end of the factsheet. 3.



Go on a 'waste walk' to identify examples of waste in the factory and/or offices.

## **Recommended resources**



Mann, D. (2014). Creating A Lean Culture. 3rd Edition. Routledge.

ISBN: 978-1482243239

Martyn, M., and Crowell. B. (2012). Own the Gap. SISU Press.

ISBN: 978-0-9851354-1-6



GC Business Growth Hub Factsheet 02: Concepts of Lean Manufacturing

GC Business Growth Hub Factsheet 06: 5S Workplace Organisation

GC Business Growth Hub Factsheet 08: Standard Work

GC Business Growth Hub Factsheet 13: Visual Management

# **Glossary**

Value Adding: An activity that the Customer is willing to pay for.

Waste: An activity that a Customer would not be willing to pay for.

Lead-time: The time it takes from order placement to the delivery of product or service.

For more advice, case studies and additional factsheets visit: www.businessgrowthhub.com/manufacturing











# **Change Management Checklist**

[John P. Kotter Leading Change (1996), Harvard Business Review Press]

IDENTIFICATION OF WASTE	
KEY POINTS	OBSERVATIONS
Transportation (Moving items/ equipment)	
Inventory (More stock than required)	
Motion (Inefficient movement of people required)	
Waiting (or any wastes or delays of time)	
Over-Production (Doing too much or too early, at expense of other activities)	
Over-Processing (Additional steps which are not actually necessary for serving the customer)	
<b>Defects, Rework, Scrap</b> (rework, repair, spoilage)	
<b>Skills</b> (Failure to utilise the skills available correctly)	